







# WARLIKE AGAIN.

The Democratic Government of Kentucky Now Has a Military Force of Its Own.

## CONFLICT MAY POSSIBLY TAKE PLACE

Taylor's Soldiers, Greatly Reinforced, on Guard at the State House, and Beckham's at the Hotel.

Secretary of State Powers and Pooleman Davis in Jail at Lexington—Whittaker and Cullton Removed to Louisville.

Frankfort, Ky., March 12.—The sheriff who held the warrants for the arrest of Secretary of State Caleb Powers and State House Pooleman Davis, charged with complicity in the assassination of William Goebel, was dealt admission to the capitol building, where the men were all day Saturday. The sheriff, the two men, dressed in the uniforms of soldiers, accompanied by about 20 soldiers, succeeded in getting on board a train, but were met by their arrival at Lexington, where they are now in jail.

The first move on the part of Beckham's followers toward the formation of a state guard under his administration has been made. A city clerk, Ben Marshall, circulated a paper and enlisted the requisite number of men who are to compose a company, guns for which have been provided by citizens here, most of them being either neeble guns or Winchester.

A report gained currency that Taylor had given his soldiers orders to arrest Beckham and other officers of the democratic state government. On account of this report the men enlisted by Capt. Marshall were assembled at the city hall, armed and sworn in as special police for the purpose of protecting the democratic office, who are quartered at the Capitol hotel. A large number of citizens also volunteered and were assigned to various posts in the vicinity of the hotel to offer a resistance in case the talk of arrests were attempted.

Taylor's soldiers, who are on guard at the state house, were reinforced by the arrival of the mercenary company of 71 men, all of whom are fully armed and equipped. More troops are looked for, the "Herville" and London companies being expected.

Beckham appointed Col. David L. Colmer, of Cloverport, assistant adjutant general, with the rank of colonel, and he was sworn in. The official announcement was made that the appointment is only temporary. This is regarded as significant. It is understood that Col. Murray accepted the appointment on account of the gravity of the situation, and with the understanding that he would resign when conditions in the state become more quiet.

Harland Whittaker and W. H. Cullton, who are confined in jail here, charged with complicity in the assassination, were removed from the jail at an early hour Saturday morning and taken in a hack to Shelbyville, where they were placed on a train and sent to Louisville under heavy guard. It is understood that they will remain in the Louisville jail till the April term of the circuit court, when they will be returned here for trial.

## AFFAIRS AT LEXINGTON.

Soldiers Guarding the Jail Where Powers and Davis are Held—A Conflict of Authority.

Lexington, Ky., March 12.—The threatened trial of Secretary of State Powers and Pooleman Davis did not take place. The time was ripe, under misleading reports that would have been made during to rescue the prisoners from the jail, for desperate resistance on the part of the local officers, who are mostly Goebel men, but an attempt being made to take the prisoners, the result is unpleasant to contemplate.

The adopting of a disguise by Davis and Powers, in order to get out of Frankfort, puts an ugly phase on the matter for the prisoners, although they explain that they did so merely to get away from Goebel influences, which, they allege, would work to their detriment. According to their trial. Both tacitly admit that in this they made a mistake, for both strongly urge the innocence of any connection with the Goebel case, and insist that they have no fear whatever as to the outcome. Judge George Deany, a prominent reputation attorney, will represent them in whatever legal steps are taken.

Judge Deany said that the prisoners were not averse to going to Frankfort, but would like to have arrangements made to try the case here, but that can not be done, except as to a writ of habeas corpus, which is not likely to be sought in this case. Sheriff Bosworth, of this county, says that he will give the men as speedy an examination as they desire, but does not think it proper to have their trial for several days yet on account of the excitement. As soon as the excitement has subsided here, which will simply decide that the local court has no jurisdiction, the prisoners will be taken to Frankfort.

The army here is deserted, as all the arms are in the hands of the local soldiers on duty at the jail, under command of Capt. Longmire. Col.

# AT DRIEFONTEIN.

Boers Make a Stand Against the Forward Movement of the British Forces.

## AN ALL-DAY BATTLE WAS THE RESULT

The Boers Driven From Their Center Position Leaving a Number of Dead and Wounded.

During the Night the Enemy Retreated but At Morning Paraded by the British Troops—British Casualties So Far 15,577.

Driefontein, Orange Free State, March 11, 6:35 a. m.—Broadwood's country brigade, advancing on Bloemfontein, unexpectedly found the Boers in a strong position in the Driefontein kopjes yesterday. Gen. Kelly-Kenny's division arriving, severe fighting ensued. The Boers retired stubbornly, but were driven from their center position, leaving a number of dead and 40 prisoners. The British shelling force is moving forward today.

During the fighting, in which five regiments took part, with artillery, the Boers, though forced from their center position, clung tenaciously to the other kopjes, shelling the British freely with three guns and two Vickers-Maxims. The British cavalry began to turn the Boer position, but night fell before the movement was completed. The Boers retired during the night.

A large number of Australians were engaged in the battle. The 1st Australian horse brigade, with the Scots Greys, advanced to within 50 yards of the Boers under heavy fire.

The New South Wales mounted infantry joined in the pursuit of the Boers northward.

The action began at 8 in the morning with an artillery duel. Gen. French's cavalry and Gen. Porter's brigade supported our guns. The Boer artillery was accurately handled, and the British cavalry found a task harder than they had expected. The Boers also maintained a stubborn front guard near a running front of 12 miles on a very difficult ground.

Gen. Broadwood with dogged perseverance moved forward his units southward, trying to find a means to get round, but the Boers followed behind rising ground and even attempted to surround him. Although the sixteenth division of infantry, advancing on the Boer left, slowly forced the enemy to retire, had the infantry been able to move faster, two strong would have been enveloped. The last shot was fired at 7:30 p. m. The prisoners belonged to President Kruger's own command.

ROBERTS' REPORT.

He Acknowledges That the Boers Caused Him Some Trouble, but Did Not Report Casualties.

London, March 12.—A dispatch to the war office from Lord Roberts, dated Driefontein, March 11, 7:15 a. m., says: "The enemy opposed us throughout yesterday's march, and from their intimate knowledge of the country gave us considerable trouble. Owing, however, to the admirable conduct of the troops, the enemy were unable to prevent us reaching our destination. The result of the fighting fell on Gen. Kelly-Kenny's division, two battalions of the Welsh and Essex, and the Boers of two strong positions at the point of the bayonet. I can not get the precise number of casualties before I march, but will communicate it as soon as possible. The Boers suffered heavily, 102 of their dead being left on the ground. We captured about 20 prisoners. "Among the killed are Capt. Eustace, of the Buffs; Capt. Lonnax, of the Welsh regiment; and Mr. McKintyre, a retired Indian civilian attached to Kitchener's force."

The war office says a group of kopjes and a large water pan at Driefontein, a position which has apparently considerable defensive advantages. The Boers, who retreated to Abraham's Kral from Poplar Grove, must have moved southward, or else a fresh force must have come from Bloemfontein or the Orange River.

The opposition met at Driefontein

# KENTUCKY FLASHES.

FOUGHT WITH A DOG.

A Soldier's Brave Efforts to Save Her Child From an Intoxicated House Parent in the End.

Louisville, Ky., March 12.—A mother's efforts to save her child from the fangs of a dog believed to be mad caused her to engage in a fearful battle with the brute. The combat occurred in the yard of the house at No. 623 East Breckinridge street. William Freeman, the 4-year-old child of Mrs. Lee Freeman, was at play, when a large dog, which belonged next door, leaped over the fence.

The boy ran forward to play with it, when the dog knocked him down and began to tear at his throat. The child's mother ran out and seized the dog, which knelted her down, biting her left ear nearly off and howling the left side of her face furiously.

The people who were attracted by the struggle were unable to interfere, and the child's mother, who has been killed but not Chief of Police Hanger passed. He ran into the yard with his pistol. The dog seized the boy in its mouth, there was a report and the animal lay dead beside his victims. Mrs. Freeman and the child were given medical attention. Their injuries are very serious, being deep poisoning and hydrophobia are feared.

## SEPARATED FIFTY YEARS

A Kentucky Woman the Legal Wife of a Man Who Deserted Her Many Years Ago.

Louisville, Ky., March 12.—An interesting case was provided by Judge Miller when he held that Mrs. Eliza both Jafford Fowler is the legal widow of W. S. Fowler, the man who married her 50 years ago, and deserted her two years after and whom she never saw afterward.

Mrs. Fowler met the deceased in Indiana 1845. They were married and lived in various places in Indiana. Finally her husband grew tired of her and left her. He appeared shortly in his home town, where he had obtained a divorce from her in Louisville. She accepted his statement and not long after married another. Fowler married her in Louisville. He married twice, had several children and accumulated a good estate in the lively city of Louisville. His first wife did not know of it until she read of his death in the papers.

She began an investigation, found that Fowler had been divorced from her, and sued for her share of the estate, which is worth about \$50,000. Judge Miller held that she is the legal wife of Fowler, and is entitled to the widow's share.

Shot His Sister's Alleged Betrayer.

Fulton, Ky., March 12.—Ed Snyder shot Jim Yowell through the breast at Huttler's camp grounds Sunday about noon. Yowell will die. The cause of the trouble was the alleged betrayal of Rose Snyder, a sister of Ed Snyder, by Yowell. Snyder and Yowell had in this town. They were going on with a building when the shooting began. Several shots struck the building, and a statement was made by the witnesses. All the parties are prominent.

## PEACE PROPOSALS.

President Kruger and President Steyn Have Both Wired Lord Salisbury on the Subject.

London, March 12.—The Daily Mail has received the following dispatch from Pretoria, dated Saturday March 10, and censored by the Boer government: "President Kruger and President Steyn have wired to Lord Salisbury peace proposals, condition of the independence of the two republics be requested and the relief could be annulled."

"Yesterday the foreign envoys were called into conference and were requested to invite the intervention of the powers they represented in order to prevent further bloodshed."

## BRITISH REVENUE KOP.

London, March 12.—The Daily News has the following from Jassog Kop, dated March 11: "The march was continued today to this point. No Boers were seen on the way. The British are now only 25 miles from Bloemfontein. One of the Boer prisoners says the siege of Mafeking has been raised."

## PHILIPS' FUNERAL.

Solemn Ceremonies Over the Remains of the Late Ex-Minister to England at New Haven, Ct.

New Haven, Ct., March 12. Funeral services for the late Edward J. Phelps, ex-Minister to England, were held in Babel chapel. Dr. Timothy Dwight delivered the funeral address. The college choir sang two hymns, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Aid With Me."

The plain black coffin was carried into the chapel on the shoulders of eight seniors, members of the Prof. Fraternity, of which Prof. Phelps was honorary member.

Among the honorary pallbearers were President Arthur T. Hadley, of Yale, William H. Hall, Sumner and Dr. Francis Wayland.

The body was taken to Burlington, Vt., where the interment in the family plot will be made Tuesday.



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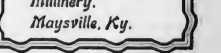
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## RAILWAY TIMECARDS.

### LOUISVILLE & Nashville RAILROAD.

Leaves	MAINTAIN DIVISION	Arrives
2:00 p.m.	Mayville	2:45 p.m.
4:00 p.m.	Mayville	4:45 p.m.
6:00 p.m.	Mayville	6:45 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	Mayville	8:45 p.m.
10:00 p.m.	Mayville	10:45 p.m.

### COAST & GULF ROUTE.

Leaves	MAINTAIN DIVISION	Arrives
2:00 p.m.	Mayville	2:45 p.m.
4:00 p.m.	Mayville	4:45 p.m.
6:00 p.m.	Mayville	6:45 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	Mayville	8:45 p.m.
10:00 p.m.	Mayville	10:45 p.m.

### VANDERBILT SYSTEM.

Leaves	MAINTAIN DIVISION	Arrives
2:00 p.m.	Mayville	2:45 p.m.
4:00 p.m.	Mayville	4:45 p.m.
6:00 p.m.	Mayville	6:45 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	Mayville	8:45 p.m.
10:00 p.m.	Mayville	10:45 p.m.

### B. & O. S. W. R.

Leaves	MAINTAIN DIVISION	Arrives
2:00 p.m.	Mayville	2:45 p.m.
4:00 p.m.	Mayville	4:45 p.m.
6:00 p.m.	Mayville	6:45 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	Mayville	8:45 p.m.
10:00 p.m.	Mayville	10:45 p.m.

Trains leave daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Sails for San Diego.

San Francisco, March 12.—The United States Pacific Mail steamer, the transport ship sailed for Manila via Ilo.

